
skosprovider_atramhasis

Documentation

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Flanders Heritage Agency

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INTRODUCTION

This library offers an implementation of the `skosprovider.providers.VocabularyProvider` interface against an `Atramhasis` backend. This allows you to use an `Atramhasis` instance as a central SKOS repository that can easily be called by other applications. Either through using this `Skosprovider`, or by using the services provided by `Atramhasis` directly.

While this library works with `Atramhasis`, the services that `Atramhasis` exposes are in fact provided by `pyramid_skosprovider`. So, if you're not using `Atramhasis`, but do have a backend that implements the services offered by `pyramid_skosprovider`, you can use `skosprovider_atramhasis` as well.

Finally, if you have a backend that does not implement `pyramid_skosprovider`, but implements exactly the same services, you could use that as well.

1.1 Installation

To be able to use this library you need to have a modern version of Python installed. Currently we're supporting versions 2.7, and the last 3 versions of Python 3. Support for Python 2 is about to be removed though, so we advise going to Python 3 right away.

This easiest way to install this library is through **pip** or **easy install**:

```
$ pip install skosprovider_atramhasis
```

This will download and install `skosprovider_atramhasis` and a few libraries it depends on.

USING THE PROVIDERS

For demonstration purposes of *AtramhasisProvider*, the following examples use the Atramhasis-demo on '<http://glacial-bastion-1106.herokuapp.com>'. You can adapt the examples with your own instance of Atramhasis, by changing the 'base_url' and 'scheme_id'.

2.1 Using AtramhasisProvider

The *AtramhasisProvider* is a general provider for the Atramhasis vocabularies. Its use is identical to all other SKOSProviders. A base_url of the Atramhasis instance and a scheme_id are required to indicate the vocabulary to be used. Please consult *Supported thesauri* for a complete list.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
This script demonstrates using the AtramhasisProvider to get the concept of
'water tricks'.
"""

from skosprovider_atramhasis.providers import AtramhasisProvider

def main():
    # you can adapt this example by using the base_url of another
    # atramhasis-instance and provide an available scheme_id and
    # id within this conceptscheme
    provider = AtramhasisProvider(
        {'id': 'vioe-erfgoedtypes'}},
        base_url='https://thesaurus.onroerenderfgoed.be',
        scheme_id='ERFGOEDTYPES')
    id = 1524

    result = provider.get_by_id(id)

    print('Labels')
    print('-----')
    for l in result.labels:
        print(l.language + ': ' + l.label + ' [' + l.type + ']')

    print('Notes')
    print('-----')
```

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```
for n in result.notes:
    print(n.language + ': ' + n.note + ' [' + n.type + ']')

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

2.2 Finding concepts

See the `skosprovider_atramhasis.providers.AtramhasisProvider.find()` method for a detailed description of how this works.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
This script demonstrates using the AtramhasisProvider to find concepts with
'kerk' in their label
"""

from skosprovider_atramhasis.providers import AtramhasisProvider

def main():
    # you can adapt this example by using the base_url of another
    # atramhasis-instance and provide an available scheme_id and
    # the keyword to search for
    provider = AtramhasisProvider(
        {'id': 'vioe-erfgoedtypes'}},
        base_url='https://thesaurus.onroerenderfgoed.be',
        scheme_id='ERFGOEDTYPES')

    keyword = 'kerk'

    results = provider.find({
        'label': keyword,
        'type': 'concept'
    })

    print('Results')
    print('-----')
    for result in results:
        print(result)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```


2.3 Using expand()

The expand method return the id's of all the concepts that are narrower concepts of a certain concept or collection.

See the `skosprovider_atramhesis.providers.AtramhesisProvider.expand()` method for a detailed description of how this works.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
This script demonstrates using the AtramhesisProvider to expand a concept
"""

from skosprovider_atramhesis.providers import AtramhesisProvider

def main():
    # you can adapt this example by using the base_url of another
    # atramhesis-instance and provide an available scheme_id and the id
    # within this concept scheme to expand
    provider = AtramhesisProvider(
        {'id': 'vioe-erfgoedtypes'},
        base_url='https://thesaurus.onroerenderfgoed.be',
        scheme_id='ERFGOEDTYPES')
    id = 63 # Id for auxiliary buildings

    results = provider.expand(id)

    print('Results')
    print('-----')
    for result in results:
        print(result)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

2.4 Adding a cache

Skosprovider_atramhesis has to do a lot of HTTP requests. Depending on your use case, this might cause a lot of overhead. Therefore we've made it possible to add a *Dogpile cache* <<https://dogpilecache.sqlalchemy.org/en/latest/>>_. To configure the cache, simply add a `cache_config` key when instantiating the provider. This config will be passed to the Dogpile CacheRegion's `configure_from_config` method.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
This script demonstrates using the AtramhesisProvider to get concepts with or
without cache.
"""
```

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```

from skosprovider_atramhesis.providers import AtramhesisProvider
import timeit

def main():
    # you can adapt this example by using the base_url of another
    # atramhesis-instance and provide an available scheme_id and
    # id within this conceptscheme
    id = 1524

    number = 50

    # No caching
    print('Fetching without cache')
    print('-----')

    provider = AtramhesisProvider(
        {'id': 'vioe-erfgoedtypes'}},
        base_url='https://thesaurus.onroerenderfgoed.be',
        scheme_id='ERFGOEDTYPES'
    )

    print('%d times: %.5f\n' % (number,
        timeit.timeit(lambda: provider.get_by_id(id), number=number)))

    # Only caching during the script
    print('Fetching with in memory cache')
    print('-----')

    provider = AtramhesisProvider(
        {'id': 'vioe-erfgoedtypes'}},
        base_url='https://thesaurus.onroerenderfgoed.be',
        scheme_id='ERFGOEDTYPES',
        cache_config={
            'cache.backend' : 'dogpile.cache.memory'
        }
    )

    print('%d times: %.5f\n' % (number,
        timeit.timeit(lambda: provider.get_by_id(id), number=number)))

    # Keep cache in between runs of the script
    # Value is considered valid for 1 day
    print('Fetching with file cache')
    print('-----')

    provider = AtramhesisProvider(
        {'id': 'vioe-erfgoedtypes'}},
        base_url='https://thesaurus.onroerenderfgoed.be',
        scheme_id='ERFGOEDTYPES',
        cache_config={

```

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```
'cache.backend': 'dogpile.cache.dbm',
'cache.expiration_time': 60 * 60 * 24,
'cache.arguments.filename': 'erfgoedtypes.dbm'
    }
)

print('%d times: %.5f\n' % (number,
    timeit.timeit(lambda: provider.get_by_id(id), number=number)))

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

2.5 Supported thesauri

Currently the only known publically available backed is Flanders Heritage Agency's own [thesaurus website](#). It offers a range of thesauri dealing with cultural heritage in general and specifically in Flanders. Examples are a thesaurus of heritage types, a thesaurus of cultures and periods, a thesaurus of heritage even types, ...

DEVELOPMENT

Skosprovider_atramhasis is being developed by the [Flanders Heritage Agency](#).

Since we place a lot of importance on code quality, we expect to have a good amount of code coverage present and run frequent unit tests. All commits and pull requests will be tested with [Travis-ci](#). Code coverage is being monitored with [Coveralls](#).

Locally you can run unit tests by using [pytest](#) or [tox](#). Running pytest manually is good for running a distinct set of unit tests. For a full test run, tox is preferred since this can run the unit tests against multiple versions of python.

```
# Setup for development
$ python setup.py develop
# Run unit tests for all environments
$ tox
# No coverage
$ py.test
# Coverage
$ py.test --cov skosprovider_atramhasis --cov-report term-missing tests
# Only run a subset of the tests
$ py.test skosprovider_atramhasis/tests/test_providers.py
```

Please provide new unit tests to maintain 100% coverage. If you send us a pull request and this build doesn't function, please correct the issue at hand or let us know why it's not working.

API DOCUMENTATION

4.1 Providers module

This module implements a `skosprovider.providers.VocabularyProvider` for Atramhasis

class `skosprovider_atramhasis.providers.AtramhasisProvider(metadata, **kwargs)`

A provider that can work with the Atramhasis REST services

base_url = `None`

Base URL of an Atramhasis instance.

expand(*id_*)

Expand a concept or collection to all it's narrower concepts.

This method should recurse and also return narrower concepts of narrower concepts.

If the id passed belongs to a `skosprovider.skos.Concept`, the id of the concept itself should be include in the return value.

If the id passed belongs to a `skosprovider.skos.Collection`, the id of the collection itself must not be present in the return value In this case the return value includes all the member concepts and their narrower concepts.

Parameters *id* – A concept or collection id.

Return type A list of id's or *False* if the concept or collection doesn't exist.

find(*query*, **kwargs)

Find concepts that match a certain query.

Currently query is expected to be a dict, so that complex queries can be passed. You can use this dict to search for concepts or collections with a certain label, with a certain type and for concepts that belong to a certain collection.

```
# Find anything that has a label of church.
provider.find({'label': 'church'})

# Find all concepts that are a part of collection 5.
provider.find({'type': 'concept', 'collection': {'id': 5}})

# Find all concepts, collections or children of these
# that belong to collection 5.
provider.find({'collection': {'id': 5, 'depth': 'all'}})

# Find anything that has a label of church.
```

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```
# Preferentially display a label in Dutch.
provider.find({'label': 'church'}, language='nl')

# Find anything that has a match with an external concept
# Preferentially display a label in Dutch.
provider.find({
    'matches': {
        'uri': 'http://id.python.org/different/types/of/trees/nr/1/the/larch'
    }, language='nl')

# Find anything that has a label of lariks with a close match to an external
↪concept
# Preferentially display a label in Dutch.
provider.find({
    'label': 'lariks',
    'matches': {
        'type': 'close',
        'uri': 'http://id.python.org/different/types/of/trees/nr/1/the/larch'
    }, language='nl')
```

Parameters

- **query** – A dict that can be used to express a query. The following keys are permitted:
 - *label*: Search for something with this label value. An empty label is equal to searching for all concepts.
 - *type*: Limit the search to certain SKOS elements. If not present or *None*, *all* is assumed:
 - * *concept*: Only return `skosprovider.skos.Concept` instances.
 - * *collection*: Only return `skosprovider.skos.Collection` instances.
 - * *all*: Return both `skosprovider.skos.Concept` and `skosprovider.skos.Collection` instances.
 - *collection*: Search only for concepts belonging to a certain collection. This argument should be a dict with two keys:
 - * *id*: The id of a collection. Required.
 - * *depth*: Can be *members* or *all*. Optional. If not present, *members* is assumed, meaning only concepts or collections that are a direct member of the collection should be considered. When set to *all*, this method should return concepts and collections that are a member of the collection or are a narrower concept of a member of the collection.
 - **matches**: **Search only for concepts having a match to a certain** external concept. Since collections can't have matches, this automatically excludes collections. The argument with two keys:
 - * *uri*: The uri of the concept to match. Required.
 - * *type*: The type of match, see `matchtypes` for the full list of options.
- **language** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should be a *language-tag*. This language-tag is passed on to the underlying providers and used when selecting the label to display for each concept.

- **sort** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should either be *id*, *label* or *sortlabel*. The *sortlabel* option means the providers should take into account any *sortLabel* if present, if not it will fallback to a regular label to sort on.
- **sort_order** (*string*) – Optional. What order to sort in: *asc* or *desc*. Defaults to *asc*

Returns

A list of concepts and collections. Each of these is a dict with the following keys:

- **id**: id within the conceptscheme
- **uri**: [URI](#) of the concept or collection
- **type**: concept or collection
- **label**: A label to represent the concept or collection. It is determined by looking at the *language* parameter, the default language of the provider and finally falls back to *en*.

get_all(**kwargs)

Returns all concepts and collections in this provider.

Parameters

- **language** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should be a [language-tag](#). This language-tag is passed on to the underlying providers and used when selecting the label to display for each concept.
- **sort** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should either be *id*, *label* or *sortlabel*. The *sortlabel* option means the providers should take into account any *sortLabel* if present, if not it will fallback to a regular label to sort on.
- **sort_order** (*string*) – Optional. What order to sort in: *asc* or *desc*. Defaults to *asc*

Returns

A list of concepts and collections. Each of these is a dict with the following keys:

- **id**: id within the conceptscheme
- **uri**: [URI](#) of the concept or collection
- **type**: concept or collection
- **label**: A label to represent the concept or collection. It is determined by looking at the *language* parameter, the default language of the provider and finally falls back to *en*.

get_by_id(id_)

Get all information on a concept or collection, based on id.

Providers should assume that all id's passed are strings. If a provider knows that internally it uses numeric identifiers, it's up to the provider to do the typecasting. Generally, this should not be done by changing the id's themselves (eg. from int to str), but by doing the id comparisons in a type agnostic way.

Since this method could be used to find both concepts and collections, it's assumed that there are no id collisions between concepts and collections.

Return type `skosprovider.skos.Concept` or `skosprovider.skos.Collection` or *False* if the concept or collection is unknown to the provider.

get_by_uri(uri)

Get all information on a concept or collection, based on a [URI](#).

Return type `skosprovider.skos.Concept` or `skosprovider.skos.Collection` or `False` if the concept or collection is unknown to the provider.

get_children_display(*id_*, ***kwargs*)

Return a list of concepts or collections that should be displayed under this concept or collection.

Parameters

- **language** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should be a [language-tag](#). This language-tag is passed on to the underlying providers and used when selecting the label to display for each concept.
- **sort** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should either be *id*, *label* or *sortlabel*. The *sortlabel* option means the providers should take into account any *sortLabel* if present, if not it will fallback to a regular label to sort on.
- **sort_order** (*string*) – Optional. What order to sort in: *asc* or *desc*. Defaults to *asc*
- **id** (*str*) – A concept or collection id.

Returns

A list of concepts and collections. Each of these is a dict with the following keys:

- **id**: id within the conceptscheme
- **uri**: [URI](#) of the concept or collection
- **type**: concept or collection
- **label**: A label to represent the concept or collection. It is determined by looking at the *language* parameter, the default language of the provider and finally falls back to *en*.

get_top_concepts(***kwargs*)

Returns all top-level concepts in this provider.

Top-level concepts are concepts that have no broader concepts themselves. They might have narrower concepts, but this is not mandatory.

Parameters

- **language** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should be a [language-tag](#). This language-tag is passed on to the underlying providers and used when selecting the label to display for each concept.
- **sort** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should either be *id*, *label* or *sortlabel*. The *sortlabel* option means the providers should take into account any *sortLabel* if present, if not it will fallback to a regular label to sort on.
- **sort_order** (*string*) – Optional. What order to sort in: *asc* or *desc*. Defaults to *asc*

Returns

A list of concepts, NOT collections. Each of these is a dict with the following keys:

- **id**: id within the conceptscheme
- **uri**: [URI](#) of the concept or collection
- **type**: concept or collection

- **label**: A label to represent the concept or collection. It is determined by looking at the *language* parameter, the default language of the provider and finally falls back to *en*.

get_top_display(kwargs)**

Returns all concepts or collections that form the top-level of a display hierarchy.

As opposed to the [*get_top_concepts\(\)*](#), this method can possibly return both concepts and collections.

Parameters

- **language** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should be a [*language-tag*](#). This language-tag is passed on to the underlying providers and used when selecting the label to display for each concept.
- **sort** (*string*) – Optional. If present, it should either be *id*, *label* or *sortlabel*. The *sortlabel* option means the providers should take into account any *sortLabel* if present, if not it will fallback to a regular label to sort on.
- **sort_order** (*string*) – Optional. What order to sort in: *asc* or *desc*. Defaults to *asc*

Returns

A list of concepts and collections. Each of these is a dict with the following keys:

- **id**: id within the conceptscheme
- **uri**: [*URI*](#) of the concept or collection
- **type**: concept or collection
- **label**: A label to represent the concept or collection. It is determined by looking at the *language* parameter, the default language of the provider and finally falls back to *en*.

scheme_id = None

Identifier of the ConceptScheme this provider is managing.

session = None

The `requests.Session` being used to make HTTP requests.

4.2 Utils module

Utility functions for `skosprovider_atramhesis`.

`skosprovider_atramhesis.utils.dict_to_thing(data_dict)`

Transform a dict into a `skosprovider.skos.Concept` or `skosprovider.skos.Collection`.

If the argument passed is already a `skosprovider.skos.Concept` or `skosprovider.skos.Collection`, this method just returns the argument.

`skosprovider_atramhesis.utils.text_(s, encoding='latin-1', errors='strict')`

If `s` is an instance of `binary_type`, return `s.decode(encoding, errors)`, otherwise return `s`

4.3 Cache_utils module

Utility functions for chaching in skosprovider_atramhesis.

HISTORY

5.1 1.0.0 (2021-12-17)

- Drop python 2 support
- Upgrade requirements. Including skosprovider 1.1.0 (#116)
- Retry GET calls within `_request` method 5 times before giving up (#120)

5.2 0.4.1 (2021-02-10)

- The variable `scheme_id` in `AtramhasisProvider` is used before the variable is defined. (#106)

5.3 0.4.0 (2021-02-09)

- Upgrade libraries, fe `dogpile.cache` (#95)
- Drop support for python 2 (#96)
- Only build property `concept_scheme` once (#97)
- Lazy access `concept_scheme.uri` (#98)

5.4 0.3.1 (2020-02-19)

- Fix a bug in `dict_to_thing` that resulted in the provider exposing objects instead of id's in relations. (#80)

5.5 0.3.0 (2020-01-24)

- Update to [Skosprovider 0.7.0](#).
- Add caching support to the provider. (#75)
- Don't load `conceptscheme` at startup, since this prevents the provider from instantiating when an `Atramhasis` instance is down. (#66)
- This is the last version to support Python 2.7. Updated Python 3 support to 3.6, 3.7 and 3.8.

5.6 0.2.1 (2019-11-13)

- Update supported Python version (#61)
- Add a `long_description_content_type` (#55)
- Correct handling of `get_by_uri` (#69)

5.7 0.2.0 (2017-08-24)

- Update to skosprovider 0.6.1
- Allow Notes with HTML (#17)
- Add languages to Conceptscheme (#18)
- Add sources to Conceptscheme, Collection and Concept (#19)
- Add sorting to finders (#20)

5.8 0.1.1 (2016-03-23)

- Official support for Py35
- Allow configuring a requests session. (#14)

5.9 0.1.0 (2015-03-19)

- Initial version
- Compatible with [SkosProvider 0.5.x](#).

GLOSSARY

Atramhais an online [SKOS editor](#). It allows a user to create and edit an online thesaurus or vocabulary adhering to the SKOS specification through a simple web interface. This allows any user with access to a web browser to consult the thesauri and if so wanted, to edit them.

SKOS [Simple Knowledge Organization System](#). An general specification for Knowledge Organisation Systems (thesauri, word lists, authority files, ...) that is commonly serialised as [RDF](#).

URI A *Uniform Resource Identifier*.

URN A URN is a specific form of a [URI](#).

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